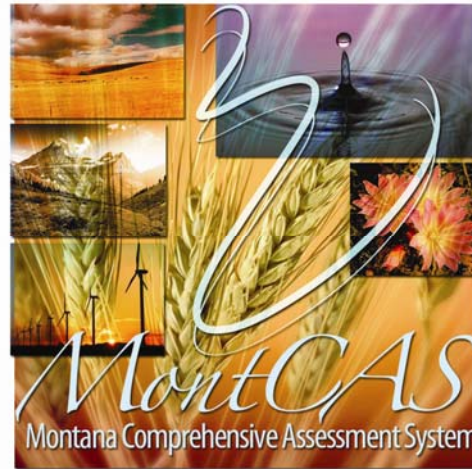


**Montana Comprehensive Assessment System
(MontCAS)
Criterion-Referenced Test Alternate Assessment
(CRT-Alternate)**



**Spring 2010
CRT-Alternate Administration Manual**



**Montana
Office of Public Instruction**
Denise Juneau, State Superintendent

TEST COORDINATOR CRT-ALTERNATE PROCEDURAL CHECKLIST

Before Testing

1. Notify schools about testing.
2. Receive memo with password and directions to access the online CRT-Alternate Test Booklets.
3. Print and distribute the CRT-Alternate Test Booklets and the *CRT-Alternate Administration Manual* to test administrators.
4. Receive and distribute the Test Materials Kits and the Test Administrator Training CDs to test administrators. Since the Test Material Kits do not change from year to year, some schools and grades may already have kits and therefore will not receive new ones.
 - Those schools that have previous years' grade-specific kits will receive requested replacement materials and the training CD.
 - Schools administering the CRT-Alternate for the FIRST TIME, or the first time administering a specific grade, will receive new Test Materials Kits. The training CD will be in a pocket of the kit.
5. Let teachers know the *CRT-Alternate Administration Manual* and Scoring Rubric are on the Materials CD (located within a pocket of the Test Materials Kit), as well as online at:
 - <http://www.opi.mt.gov/Assessment/Phase2.html#TAAlt>
 - <http://www.measuredprogress.org> – Under “quick Links” scroll down to select “Clients,” select “Montana,” then select “MontCAS Alternate Assessment.”
6. Distribute the CRT-Alternate Return Materials (the contents found in the clear plastic bags) containing one each of the following:
 - Answer Booklet
 - white plastic envelope labeled “For return of CRT-ALTERNATE Test Materials”
 - Self-Check Checklist
 - Training Questionnaire
 - packing instructions

TEST COORDINATOR CRT-ALTERNATE PROCEDURAL CHECKLIST CONTINUED...

After Testing

1. Verify each test administrator placed a student barcode label on the Answer Booklet, or completed page 1 of the Answer Booklet with a valid Student Identification Number.
2. Verify each test administrator wrote the student's full name on the following student materials:
 - CRT-Alternate Test Booklet
 - Teacher Recording Evidence Forms
3. Check to ensure the test administrator answered the training questions located on the yellow paper that was packaged with the Answer Booklet. Answers should be recorded on the last page of the Answer Booklet.
4. Materials for each student should be packaged and returned separately in the white plastic envelopes marked "For Return of CRT-ALTERNATE Test Materials." **There should be one white plastic envelope per student.** Each of the following items should be placed in the plastic envelope:
 - CRT-Alternate Test Booklet
 - Teacher Recording Evidence Forms
 - Answer Booklet
 - Material Replacement Form (if necessary)
5. Verify the materials above have been placed in the white envelope. Please return CRT-Alternate materials separately from the CRT materials. The white envelopes already have UPS Return Service Labels affixed to them.
6. Seal the envelope.

March 30, 2010: Mandatory UPS 1-day pick-up for all CRT-Alternate testing materials.

TEST ADMINISTRATOR CRT-ALTERNATE PROCEDURAL CHECKLIST

Before Testing

1. Receive secure CRT-Alternate Test Booklet and CRT-Alternate Administration Manual from Test Coordinator.
2. Receive Test Materials Kit, Materials CD and the Test Administrator Training CD from Test Coordinator.
3. Receive CRT-Alternate Return Materials and instructions from Test Coordinator.
 - Print the *CRT-Alternate Administration Manual* and Scoring Rubric (if you did not receive either from your Test Coordinator) from the Materials CD or online at <http://www.opi.mt.gov/Assessment/Phase2.html#TAAIt> or www.measuredprogress.org (scroll down to select “Clients,” select “Montana,” select “MontCAS Alternate Assessment,” download the materials needed and print).
4. View the Test Administrator Training CD and review the Self-Check Checklist.
5. Read the *CRT-Alternate Administration Manual* and the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet.
6. Adapt materials for student if necessary.
7. Schedule time for administration and/or support.

During Testing

1. Administer the assessment. The testing window is February 9 – March 24, 2010; it is suggested the first week be used to view the training CD and prepare materials.
2. Fill out the Teacher Recording Evidence Forms, provided in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet, during administration.
3. Call your Test Coordinator if you have questions or need additional test materials.

TEST ADMINISTRATOR CRT-ALTERNATE PROCEDURAL CHECKLIST CONTINUED...

After Testing

1. Place a student barcode label on the Answer Booklet. If you did not receive a student barcode label follow the directions below.
 - **For public schools:** please contact your System Test Coordinator to obtain a State Student ID from the person responsible for entering student data into the AIM system. A completed Answer Booklet must be returned with a barcode label or a state student ID.
 - **For private schools, treatment facilities, or schools testing home schooled students:** please contact Judy Snow at 406-444-3656 or jsnow@mt.gov for information on barcode labels and/or coding.
2. Write the student name and teacher name on the Answer Booklet; transfer student scores from the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet to the Answer Booklet.
3. Answer the teacher training questions located on the yellow paper that was packaged with the Answer Booklet in the clear plastic bag. Record your questionnaire responses on the last page of the Answer Booklet (for grade 3, you will record your response on page 2 of the Answer Booklet).
4. Submit the completed Teacher Recording Evidence Forms with the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet.
5. Complete and save the Self-Check Checklist for your future reference.
6. Write the student's name on the cover of the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet and the Teacher Recording Evidence Forms.
7. **One white plastic envelope** is provided for **each** student who took the CRT-Alternate. Place the following materials in the envelope labeled "For Return of CRT-ALTERNATE Test Materials":
 - CRT-Alternate Test Booklet
 - Teacher Recording Evidence Forms
 - Answer Booklet
 - Material Replacement Form (if necessary)
8. **DO NOT SEAL THE ENVELOPE, AS YOUR SYSTEM TEST COORDINATOR WILL REVIEW THE CONTENTS**

Return all envelopes to Test Coordinator on or before **March 29, 2010**.

WHAT'S NEW FOR SPRING 2010?

Preparing and Presenting Test Materials

- Test administrators should cut apart all student response choices (found in the Test Materials Kit and also listed in the “Materials” column of the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet) prior to test administration.
- Typically, test items are presented with four choices for the student. One of the choices is the correct response to the item, while the others are distractors. These four choices are presented as picture cards, number cards, answer cards, sentence strips, etc., depending on the test item. Cutting apart choice cards will allow the test administrator to present the choices to the student in a predetermined random order.
- The “Materials” column listing the student response choices for an item has been specifically designed to ensure response choices for each item are presented in random order to the student. Test administrators should present the response choices on the student’s work space from left to right based on the order of how the choices appear in the “Materials” column in the test booklet, unless individual student needs dictate a slightly different approach. Refer to the “Administration Procedures” section of this manual for examples.

Student Evidence Form

- Evidence Templates and Evidence Template Teacher Recording Sheets have been integrated together into one form, the Teacher Recoding Evidence Form. The new form should be completed by test administrators, not students, and should be used directly from the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet.
- The Teacher Recording Evidence Form provides a format to document the entire sequence of responses made by the student to the test item. As the test item is presented to the student, the test administrator documents the modality used by the student to communicate a response, as well as the accuracy of the response at each step of the scaffolding process.
- For more information on student evidence please refer to the “Student Evidence and Test Administration Survey” section of this manual.

Answer Booklets

- The Student Response Booklet, used for recording students’ final scores, is now referred to as Answer Booklet for both the general CRT and the CRT-Alternate. New for spring 2010, test administrators no longer need to indicate the student participated in the CRT-Alternate Assessment by bubbling in page 2 of the Answer Booklet.
- Please note the grade 3 CRT-Alternate Answer Booklet now has a section for test administrators to record training questionnaire responses. This section is located on page 2 of the grade 3 Answer Booklet. For all other grades this section remains in the same location as previous years (on the last page of the Answer Booklet).

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CRT-Alternate Procedural Checklists.....	1
Test Coordinator CRT-Alternate Assessment Procedural Checklist	1
Test Administrator CRT-Alternate Assessment Procedural Checklist	3
What's New for Spring 2010?	5
Introduction	8
Purpose of the MontCAS CRT-Alternate Assessment	8
Participation Guidelines	9
Overview and Structure of the CRT-Alternate	10
CRT-Alternate test design	11
Organization of information in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet	12
Administration Procedures	13
Who should administer the CRT-Alternate?	13
Getting ready	13
Preparing test materials before test administration	14
Presenting materials during test administration	14
Examples	15
General guidelines for administering the CRT-Alternate	16
Scoring Directions	17
Using scaffolding to gather student performance information	17
Scoring process flow chart	19
Scoring rubric	19
Scoring rule for ALL grades and content areas	20
Halting rule examples	20
Scoring examples	21
Scoring summary	26

Student Evidence and Test Administration Survey	27
Documenting evidence on Teacher Recording Evidence Form	27
Sample Teacher Recording Evidence Form	28
Test Administration Survey	29
Sample Test Administration Survey	29
 Making the CRT-Alternate Accessible to All Students.....	 30
Adaptations and assistive technology are allowed.....	30
Test Materials kit.....	30
Implementation considerations for a sample of tasklets.....	31
 Returning Assessment Materials.....	 33
 Contact Information	 34
 Acknowledgments.....	 3

INTRODUCTION

Purpose of the MontCAS CRT-Alternate Assessment

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) requires that students with disabilities be included in each state's system of accountability and that students with disabilities have access to the general curriculum. The No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) also speaks to the inclusion of all children in a state's accountability system by requiring states to report student achievement for all students as well as for specific groups of students (e.g., students with disabilities, students for whom English is a second language) on a disaggregated basis. These federal laws reflect an ongoing concern about equity: All students should be academically challenged and taught to high standards. The involvement of all students in the educational accountability system provides a means of measuring progress toward that goal.

To provide an option for participation of all students in the state's accountability system, including those for whom a paper and pencil test is not appropriate, Montana has developed the Criterion-Referenced Test-Alternate (CRT-Alternate). It is expected that only those IDEA-eligible students with the most significant cognitive disabilities will participate in the CRT-Alternate.

PARTICIPATION GUIDELINES

The decision as to how a student with disabilities will participate in the state's accountability system is made by the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP) team. When considering whether students with disabilities should participate in the CRT-Alternate the IEP team should answer each of the questions in the chart below:

<i>For each of the statements below, answer yes or no</i>		
<i>Does the student have an active IEP and receive services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)?</i>	YES	NO
<i>Do the student's demonstrated cognitive abilities and adaptive behavior require substantial adjustments to the general curriculum?</i>	YES	NO
<i>Do the student's learning objectives and expected outcomes focus on functional application of skills, as illustrated in the student's IEP's annual goals and short-term objectives?</i>	YES	NO
<i>Does the student require direct and extensive instruction to acquire, maintain, generalize and transfer new skills?</i>	YES	NO

- If the answer is "NO" to any of the above questions, the student must participate in the general CRT.
- If all answers are "YES," the student is eligible to take the alternate and is considered to have a significant cognitive disability.

**The decision to have a student participate in the CRT-Alternate
may not be based on:**

- excessive or extended absence;
- disability category;
- social, cultural or economic factors;
- the amount of time receiving special education services; or
- academic achievement significantly lower than his or her same age peers.

OVERVIEW AND STRUCTURE OF THE CRT-ALTERNATE

The CRT-Alternate is an evidence-based test that is aligned with Montana's content standards through expanded benchmarks, and measures student performance based on alternate achievement standards.

The CRT-Alternate consists of tasklets (short activities) in reading and mathematics for students in grades 3–8 and 10, as well as science for students in grades 4, 8, and 10. The assessment is composed of five tasklets per content area with five or six items in each tasklet. The components of the test are identified below to provide an overview of the test and an introduction to terminology used to describe the test's structure. Each component of the test is described in detail in later sections of this manual.

- Rubric
 - Matrix that describes various levels of achievement for each test item
 - Rubric incorporates increasing levels of teacher support designed to elicit a correct response from the student
 - Rubric incorporates a numerical scale that extends from 4 to 0
- Scoring
 - Scoring system structured by rubric
 - Student performance on each item is scored based on amount of assistance required to elicit correct response
 - Scoring rules guide the test administrator if the student is unresponsive, uncooperative, or repeatedly unsuccessful with test items
- Scaffolding
 - Systematic process of providing increasing levels of assistance on each test item
 - Aligned with the rubric
 - Test booklet provides teacher instruction and suggested language to scaffold each test item

CRT-Alternate test design

The following chart shows how the CRT-Alternate is designed in all grades and content areas.

	Test Design
Format	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Five tasklets (short activities) per content area• Five or six items per tasklet
Introductory Items	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• First item in each tasklet• Designed to gain student's attention, introduce the activity, and show materials that will be used• Scored at levels 4 or 0 of the rubric
Breaks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Breaks between each tasklet
Reading Passage	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Second page of each reading tasklet
Student Evidence	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1-2 tasklets in each content require student evidence• 1 form needs to be filled out for each item that requires evidence
Scoring Rule	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Student must try every tasklet• Administration of a tasklet is halted only if the student scores a 0 for three consecutive items after administering the tasklet during two different test sessions
Materials Kits	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Contain student response choices and passages used with test items• Tabs in the Materials Kits are labeled by content area and tasklet number

Organization of information in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet

The first page of each reading, mathematics, and science tasklet describe the following:

- Content Standard(s) Addressed – The content standards and benchmarks that are being measured.
- Activity – A brief explanation of the tasklet activity.
- Materials Provided and Other Materials Needed – The materials provided in the Test Materials Kit are listed, as well as the teacher supplied materials, along with information on substituting and adapting materials.

The second page of all the reading tasklets has the reading passage in text format only. The passage is available in a storybook format with graphics and a word/picture version in the Test Materials Kit. The following pages in the Test Booklet present information in this four column format:

Materials	Activity Steps Teacher will:	Student Work Student will:	Performance Indicators Use Scoring Guide TRANSFER SCORES TO ANSWER BOOKLET
The materials that are needed for each item and suggested student communication supports and strategies that may be helpful for some students are described in this column. Most materials can be found in the Materials Kit, but some materials the teacher needs to supply.	<p>This column contains information about how to display task materials and prepare the student for the question. A script for the teacher appears in bold and italicized print, and suggests language that can be used to present the item. The script is intended as a guide only, and should be adapted by the teacher as needed.</p> <p>Information on how to scaffold levels 3, 2, and 1 of the rubric for items that are scored at levels 4 through 0 is also provided in this column.</p>	The correct student response and/or an explanation of how the student should be responding are provided in this column.	The performance indicator that is assessed by each item is identified in this column. The performance indicators come from the Montana Standards and Expanded Benchmarks. The performance indicator number and expanded benchmark number referenced to the Expanded Benchmarks document are also identified in this column.

ADMINISTRATION PROCEDURES

Who should administer the CRT-Alternate?

The special education teacher is the individual who typically administers the assessment. The test administrator must be someone who is certified, has worked extensively with the student, and is trained in the assessment procedures.

The test administrator may find it helpful to ask another person in the school to assist with administration. This additional person may include but is not limited to the following:

- parent/guardian
- general education teacher
- paraprofessional
- related service provider (speech/language therapist, psychologist, occupational or physical therapist, etc.)
- school counselor
- principal
- other educational professional

Getting ready

Advance preparation is critical for implementing the CRT-Alternate. Before beginning test administration, it is necessary to complete the following steps:

- Receive the secure CRT-Alternate Test Booklet from your test coordinator.
- Receive Test Materials Kit, Materials CD, and Test Administrator Training CD. Review the materials to see if any modifications are needed for your student.
- View Test Administrator Training CD
- Print the Scoring Rubric and *CRT-Alternate Administration Manual* from the Materials CD or download them from www.measuredprogress.org (scroll down to select “Clients,” select “Montana,” select “MontCAS Alternate Assessment,” to reach non-secure CRT-Alternate test materials)
- Read the *CRT-Alternate Administration Manual* to become familiar with the test administration and scoring procedures.
- Review the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet to become familiar with the tasklets and performance indicators.
- Consider how the student will access and respond to the tasklets. Determine the adaptations and supports the student will need.

- Check to ensure that you have all of the materials and resources you will need to complete the assessment. Some test materials are not included in the Test Materials Kit and must be gathered prior to testing. For example, a grade 10 mathematics tasklet asks the student to measure the distance of a street on a map. The test administrator needs to supply the student with an actual ruler that the student is most familiar with. Additionally, the test items are structured so the student is typically presented with a total of four choices at the beginning of each item.
- Provide and/or customize the assistive technologies that the student needs to access the materials and respond to the test activities.
- Schedule the assessment administration session for a time and place that are optimal for student effort and focus.

Preparing test materials before test administration

Test administrators should cut apart all student response choices (found in the Test Materials Kit and also listed in the “Materials” column of the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet) prior to test administration. Typically, test items are presented with four choices from which the student must select an answer. One of the choices is the correct response to the item, while the others are distracters. These four choices are presented as picture cards, number cards, answer cards, sentence strips, etc., depending on the test item. Cutting apart choice cards will allow the test administrator to present the choices to the student in a predetermined random order described below.

Presenting materials during test administration

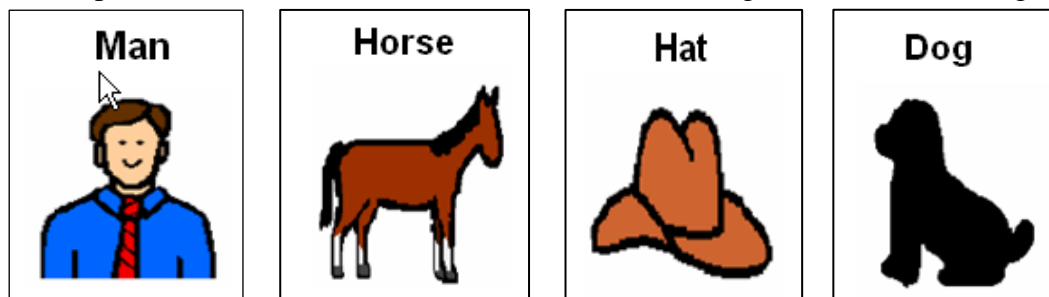
The “Materials” column listing the student response choices for an item has been specifically designed to ensure response choices for each item are presented in random order to the student. Test administrators should present the response choices on the student’s work space from left to right based on the order of how the choices appear in the “Materials” column in the test booklet. Examples on how to present student response choices to the student are on the following page.

Examples

Example 1: The Materials column lists the reading passage used for the item as well as the four student response choices represented in picture cards. The picture cards are listed in a specific order, starting with “man,” then “horse,” then “hat,” and lastly “dog.” These picture cards should be cut apart and then presented on the work space in front of the student starting with the first listed picture card, “man.” The “man” picture card should be placed in the left most position. The “horse” picture card is then placed on the work space to the second left position, “hat” in the third left position and “dog” is placed in the fourth left position.

Materials
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Out on the Farm</i>• Picture cards:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• man• horse• hat• dog

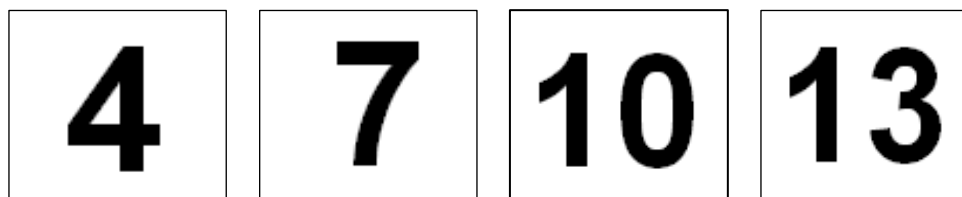
Place picture cards in front of the student in the following order from left to right:



Example 2: The Materials column lists the chart the student must refer to in order to respond to the item as well as four student response choices represented in number cards. The number cards are listed starting with the number “4,” then “7,” then “10,” and lastly the number “13.” The number cards should be cut apart and presented on the work space from left to right in front of the student starting with the first listed number card, number “4.” The remaining three number cards are then placed in sequence from left to right.

Materials
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Homework chart• Number cards: 4, 7, 10, 13

Place number cards in front of the student in the following order from left to right:



General guidelines for administering the CRT-Alternate

Several important considerations must be kept in mind while the assessment is being administered:

- Accurate scaffolding and scoring are very important. You may want assistance in observing the student and organizing materials to aid in accurate administration and scoring. A more detailed explanation of scaffolding and scoring is provided in the Scoring Directions section of this manual.
- You may write notes and scores in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet as you administer the assessment. The Answer Booklet should be filled in using the data you recorded in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet. The answer filled in on the Answer Booklet will be the official score.
- Score as you go. Score each performance indicator as it is completed, before you start the next item.
- Watch the student for indications that a break may be needed. Breaks are inserted in the test booklet. You may choose to stop at them or at another point in the assessment.

SCORING DIRECTIONS

Using scaffolding to gather student performance information

Scaffolding is a process of providing the student the support needed to respond to the test items. During daily instruction, many strategies are used frequently to ensure that a student experiences success. For example, if a student is unable to make a correct choice from a display of 4 pictures, the teacher reduces the complexity by removing one of the choices. Scaffolding serves this same function and is provided so the student will experience success in completing each tasklet. An important result of scaffolding is it helps the student demonstrate knowledge and skills. These skills can be described and measured, resulting in an accurate picture of what the student can do.

- The scoring system in the CRT-Alternate is built on increasing amounts of scaffolding, provided only when the student does not respond or responds incorrectly. This approach is sometimes described as a “least to most” prompt hierarchy.
- Each tasklet begins with items that introduce the subject and materials that will be used throughout the short activity. These items are scored as either a 4 (student responds accurately and with no assistance) or a 0 (student does not respond or actively resists).
- After these items are scored, each subsequent item within the tasklet is scored on a five-point scale 4–0, with “4” representing a correct, independent response and “1” representing a correct response that has been completely guided by the teacher. A score of “0” is used when the student does not respond, or actively resists participation.

A script is provided for scaffolding for each of the test items scored on all five levels of the rubric. It describes the prompts that can be used to scaffold the student to a level 3, level 2, or level 1. It may be used verbatim or modified by the test administrator to meet the needs of the student. For each test item, level 1 prompting is full support from the test administrator to guide the student to the correct response. Depending on the student and the test item, this may involve physically guiding the student to the correct response, or some other form of support that ensures the student responds correctly.

It is critical the test administrator deliver each item in a way that allows the student the opportunity to score at level 4.

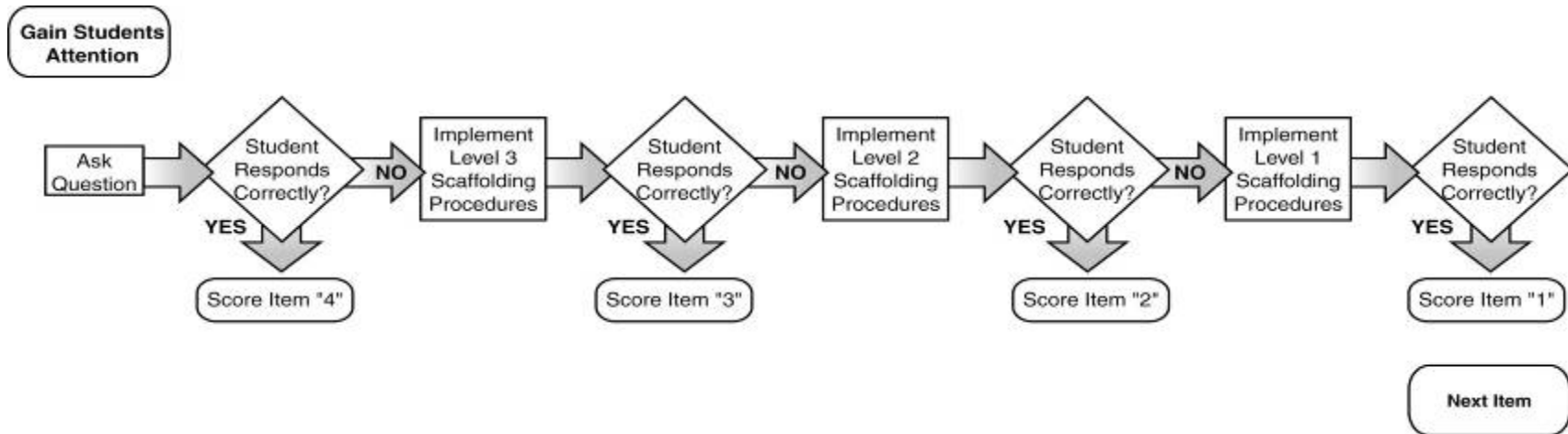
- Assume that the student can respond independently to each item, even if that is not the usual instructional practice.
- Follow the guidelines to observe the student demonstrating the performance required, and allow adequate wait time for the student to process the information and respond without assistance.
- Do not repeat the question multiple times.
- Then, if the student does not respond or responds incorrectly, scaffold the student to level 3—“student responds accurately when teacher clarifies, highlights important information, or reduces the range of options to three.” Again, give the student adequate wait time.
- If the student does not respond or responds incorrectly, scaffold to level 2—“student responds accurately when teacher provides basic yes/no questions or forced choices between two options.”
- If the student still does not respond with the desired behavior, scaffold to level 1—“student is guided to correct response by teacher (e.g., modeling the correct response or providing full physical assistance).” If the student resists participating for an item, the test administrator indicates a “0”—“student does not respond or actively resists.”

Scaffolding is based on the amount of information the student needs in order to reach the correct response. Think of it as a funnel. If the student can respond independently (4), no further information is needed. If the student does not respond accurately or independently, more information is given about the item and the choices are reduced (3) [see script in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet]. This funneling toward the correct response continues as the student needs more assistance – by providing specific information about the item and a forced choice between two options (2) [see script in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet], and finally, by guiding the student to the correct response (1) [see script in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet].

In this way, the student is not expected to “get it” or “not get it,” as in most on-demand assessments. The CRT-Alternate considers the level of assistance students need to demonstrate their knowledge and skills, and thus provides more precise information about student performance and achievement. This system is sensitive to small increments of change in student performance, an important consideration in describing the learning outcomes of students with severe disabilities.

This process must be used systematically with each item identified for scoring within tasklets. The intent is to give the student every opportunity to perform independently on each item. A visual depiction of this process is provided below.

Scoring process flow chart



Scoring rubric

Each tasklet begins with introductory items scored at only levels 4 and 0. The rubric below is used to score remaining items on a five point scale 4–0. The test booklets provide space next to every performance indicator in which responses can be recorded in one of the four levels plus 0. **Only one response should be filled in for each item.**

4	3	2	1	0
Student responds accurately and with no assistance.	Student responds accurately when teacher clarifies, highlights important information or reduces the range of options to three.	Student responds accurately when teacher provides basic yes/no questions or forced choices between two options.	Student is guided to correct response by teacher (e.g., modeling the correct response or providing full physical assistance).	Student does not respond or actively resists.

The scoring rubric is also provided on the Materials CD and is available online (see the Procedural Checklist on page 1 for the websites). Please have it available for reference as you work through the tasklets with the student.

During the administration of the tasklets, the test administrator is encouraged to record the responses and any notes about the student's performance in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet. **Later, the scores will be transferred to the Answer Booklet.**

Scoring rule for ALL grades and content areas

The student must start all five tasklets in each content area. Score every item in a tasklet until the student scores at level 0 for three consecutive items. Stop the administration of the assessment at this point. On the following assessment session, re-administer the final three items on which the student scored a 0. If the student receives a level 0 on these three consecutive items again, halt the administration of the tasklet – leaving the remaining items in the tasklet blank and move on to the next tasklet. Reminder: If the student scores at level 0 for three consecutive items, the teacher must attempt to re-administer the tasklet one additional time in a separate session.

Halting rule examples

Example 1: The test administrator has administered tasklet 1 and is now administering tasklet 2 of the reading test. The student has scored at level 0 on items 1 through 3. At this point, the test administrator stops the assessment. During the following assessment session, the test administrator reviews with the student the reading passage for tasklet 2 and re-administers items 1 through 3 in tasklet 2. The student scores at level 0 on items 1 through 3 again. The test administrator stops the administration of tasklet 2, does not administer the remaining 2 items, leaving them blank, and moves on to tasklet 3.

Example 2: The test administrator has administered tasklets 1 and 2 to the student and is now on tasklet 3 of the mathematics test. The student has scored at level 0 on items 2 through 4. At this point, the test administrator stops the assessment. During the following assessment session, the test administrator reviews the mathematics materials for the tasklet with the student, and re-administers items 2 through 4 of tasklet 3. This time the student scores at levels 2 and 3 on items 2 through 4. The test administrator continues to administer the remainder of the tasklet, and the student does not receive a level 0 on three consecutive items again in tasklet 3 or the remaining 2 tasklets.

Example 3: The test administrator has administered tasklets 1 and 2 to the student and is now on tasklet 3 of the science test. The student has scored at level 0 on items 3 through 5. At this point, the teacher stops the assessment. During the following assessment session, the test administrator reviews tasklet 3 science materials with the student and re-administers items 3 through 5. This time the student scores at levels 1, 2 and 3 on items 3 through 5. The test administrator continues to administer the remaining two science tasklets. On tasklet 5, the student scores at level 0 on item 1 through 3. At this point, the test administrator stops the assessment. During the following assessment session, the test administrator reviews tasklet 5 science materials with the student and re-administers items 1 through 3. This time the student scores at level 2 on items 1 through 3. The test administrator continues to administer the remaining two items.

Scoring examples

This section illustrates how to use scaffolding and score a student's performance on designated items. Examples of what the test administrator might say and do at each level of the scoring rubric are shown for sample reading and mathematics test items. Example 1 involves listening to a story and answering questions about what was read, while example 2 involves a counting item.

Student responds accurately and with no assistance. (4)

For a student's performance to be scored 4, the student must demonstrate the observable behavior without additional information or direction to the correct response from the test administrator. The test administrator may repeat the question or focus the student's attention to the test item with visual, verbal, gestural, or physical cues (e.g., point to the work space; say, "Look at me"; touch the student's hand or elbow). The test administrator may not give the student any additional information about what is expected, simplify the test item, or lead the student to the desired response in any way.

Example 1	Example 2
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>When given a choice of 4 pictures/objects and asked to indicate the one related to the story just read, the student names, eye gazes to, touches, or points to the correct picture/object accurately and independently, when given adequate wait time.</i>• If the student responds correctly, a score of 4 is given.• If the student responds incorrectly or does not respond at all, scaffold the student to the next level.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>When asked to count five CD cases, the student counts them all correctly, given adequate wait time.</i>• If the student responds correctly, a score of 4 is given.• If the student responds incorrectly or does not respond at all, scaffold the student to the next level.

Student responds accurately when test administrator clarifies, highlights important information, or reduces the range of options to three. (3)

The test administrator provides more information about what behavior is expected and may clarify the directions. At this point in scaffolding, a demonstration of what is expected may be given, using an example that is parallel to the performance indicator assessed. If the item is structured in a multiple-choice format, the test administrator may remove one of the options (leaving three choices). The test administrator may refocus the student's attention to the test item, with visual, verbal, gestural, or physical cues (e.g., point to the work space; say, "Look at the pictures"; touch the student's hand or elbow).

Example 1	Example 2
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>The incorrect picture/object chosen by the student is removed, and the student is asked again to indicate the one related to the story just read. If the student did not previously respond at all, the test administrator will choose and remove one of the incorrect responses.</i>• <i>The test administrator says, "Remember the story we just finished? We looked at all of these pictures while we read the story. (Indicate pictures.) Can you find the one from these three that we looked at while we were reading?"</i>• If the student responds correctly, a score of 3 is given.• If the student responds incorrectly or does not respond at all, the test administrator will scaffold the student to the next level.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>The test administrator demonstrates counting with one set of CD cases and says, "Now you count your CD cases."</i>• <i>The test administrator says, "I will help you get started counting. One, two..."</i>• If the student responds correctly, a score of 3 is given.• If the student responds incorrectly or does not respond at all, the test administrator will scaffold the student to the next level.

Student responds accurately when test administrator provides basic yes/no questions or forced choices between two options.
(2)

The test administrator provides very specific information about what behavior is expected at this point. If the item is structured in a multiple-choice format, the test administrator may remove another one of the options (leaving two choices). Clearly providing a very narrow range of options, such as asking the student a yes or no question, is the type of assistance that may be provided. The test administrator may refocus the student's attention to the test item with visual, verbal, gestural, or physical cues (e.g., point to the work space; say, "Look at these two pictures"; touch the student's hand or elbow).

Example 1	Example 2
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>One more picture is removed, and only two choices remain. The test administrator asks, "Was the story about this picture or that picture?"</i>• If the student responds correctly, a score of 2 is given.• If the student responds incorrectly or does not respond at all, the test administrator will scaffold the student to the next level.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>The test administrator says, "Here are the five cases we are counting. One, two, three, four...what comes next? Five or six?"</i>• If the student responds correctly, a score of 2 is given.• If the student responds incorrectly or does not respond at all, the test administrator will scaffold the student to the next level.

Student is guided to correct response by test administrator (e.g., modeling the correct response or providing full physical assistance). (1)

The test administrator reduces the options available to the student so that only the one correct response is available and the student chooses that option. The test administrator also may model the correct response so that the student repeats that response. Hand-over-hand assistance may be provided at this point in the assessment; the student may be gently guided to indicate the correct response. Hand-over-hand assistance implies that the student is allowing the test administrator to guide him or her to point to or otherwise indicate the correct response.

Example 1	Example 2
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>The correct picture is the only one left. The test administrator points to the one remaining picture and says, "This picture shows what the story was about. Can you show me the picture that shows what the story was about?" The test administrator then guides the student to the correct response.</i>• If the student responds to the administrator's guidance, a score of 1 is given.• If the student does not respond or actively resists, the test administrator will assign a score of 0.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>The test administrator says, "Let me show you the cases while we count. One, two, three, four, five. Can you count them now, too?" The test administrator may take the student's hand to indicate each case as they count together.</i>• If the student responds to the administrator's guidance, a score of 1 is given.• If the student does not respond or actively resists, the test administrator will assign a score of 0.

Student does not respond or actively resists. (0)

By the time a student's performance reaches this point on the scoring rubric, previous forms of support, encompassed within levels 4 to 1, have been attempted for the item. **If the student shows a pattern of seriously resisting participation, is becoming fatigued, or is not attending to the test items in any way, it is recommended that the assessment be stopped and resumed at a later time.**

If the reading tasklet is halted at any time during administration, reread the story before beginning the remaining items. If the mathematics tasklet is halted at any time during administration, show the student the materials with which you were working, and review the last item that the student completed before halting the assessment. The same process should be applied to science tasklets.

Example 1	Example 2
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>The student refuses to participate in the test item, resists hand-over-hand assistance, throws the materials, turns away, etc.</i>• <i>The student's responses are impossible to score; when guided to touch a picture, the student touches other objects.</i>• The assessment administrator will assign a score of 0.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>The student mixes up or plays with the CD cases.</i>• <i>The student attends to other activities in the room and has no interaction with the test administrator or the assessment materials.</i>• The assessment administrator will assign a score of 0.


Scoring summary

The instructions and examples illustrate the following rules for scoring:

- Begin with the introductory items and score 4 or 0.
- Use the full scale of 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0 to score the following items in each tasklet. Start with level 4 and work systematically through the scaffolding system for every performance indicator, as necessary, based on the student's response.
- Allow for appropriate wait time as you scaffold through each level of the scoring rubric.
- Do not repeat questions or directions numerous times.
- Visual, verbal, gestural, and physical cues are allowed in each level except 4.
- Record only one score for every item.
- Score at level 0 only if the student does not respond, or actively resists participation or prompting.
- Halt the administration if the student is showing a pattern of resisting, is becoming fatigued or is not participating in any way, and resume testing at another time.
- The student must start all five tasklets in each content area. Score every item in a tasklet until the student scores at level 0 for three consecutive items. Stop the administration of the assessment at this point. On the following assessment session, re-administer the final three items on which the student scored a 0. If the student receives a level 0 on three consecutive items again, halt the administration of the tasklet – leaving the remaining items in the tasklet blank and move on to the next tasklet. **Reminder:** If the student scores at level 0 for three consecutive items, the teacher must attempt to re-administer the tasklet one additional time in a separate session.

STUDENT EVIDENCE AND TEST ADMINISTRATOR SURVEY

Documenting evidence of student performance

As mentioned earlier, the CRT-Alternate is an *evidence-based* test. In all grades and content areas, a magnifying glass  in the “Student Work, Student will” column of the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet indicates test items for which evidence of the student’s response(s) to an item must be documented. Typically evidence is collected for two items within the reading assessment, one item in the mathematics assessment and one item in the science assessment (in grades 4, 8, and 10 only). Student performance for these selected test items is documented on the Teacher Recording Evidence form.

The Teacher Recording Evidence Form provides a format to document the entire sequence of responses made by the student to the test item. By reviewing the information on the form it is possible to visualize the student’s complete response to the test item. **Teacher Recording Evidence Forms should be completed by the Test Administrator.** Although students assisted with the evidence in past years, they will no longer be assisting in or completing student evidence. As the test item is presented to the student, the test administrator documents the modality used by the student to communicate a response, as well as the accuracy of the response at each step of the scaffolding process. Recording ends when the student demonstrates a correct response, with or without scaffolding. If the student independently answers the test item correctly and does not require scaffolding the test administrator should leave the remaining portions of the Teacher Recording Evidence Form blank. If the student was unresponsive to the test item then the test administrator should describe the student’s behavior in the last section of the form. The test administrator may use the forms from the Test Booklet. The Teacher Recording Form is provided directly after the page with the test item for which evidence is being documented.

PLEASE NOTE: The student’s name must be written on each Teacher Recording Evidence Form. Student Barcode Labels are NOT required. Teacher Recording Evidence Forms must be completed for each item that requires evidence. These forms must be returned to Measured Progress with the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet.

A sample of the Teacher Recording Evidence Form is provided on the next page of this manual. This represents the most common item type: multiple choice. For items that do not scaffold in this way there is an alternate form that requires the administrator to describe how scaffolding worked for that student.

TEACHER RECORDING EVIDENCE FORM

Reading Tasklet 5	Item 2	Item 4
Indicate how the student communicated his or her response.	<input type="checkbox"/> Used words to respond <input type="checkbox"/> Used communication device/display <input type="checkbox"/> Pointed to/manipulated test materials <input type="checkbox"/> Used auditory scanning <input type="checkbox"/> Used gestures/sign language <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	<input type="checkbox"/> Used words to respond <input type="checkbox"/> Used communication device/display <input type="checkbox"/> Pointed to/manipulated test materials <input type="checkbox"/> Used auditory scanning <input type="checkbox"/> Used gestures/sign language <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____
Indicate the student's initial response to the item before scaffolding.	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "ball" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "fun" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> no response	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "girl" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "play" <input type="checkbox"/> no response
If applicable, indicate the student's response after level 3 scaffolding.	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "ball " <input type="checkbox"/> selected "fun " <input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> no response	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "girl" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "play" <input type="checkbox"/> no response
If applicable, indicate the student's response after level 2 scaffolding.	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "ball " <input type="checkbox"/> selected "fun" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> no response	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "girl" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "play" <input type="checkbox"/> no response
If applicable, indicate the student's response after level 1 scaffolding.	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "ball " <input type="checkbox"/> selected "fun" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> no response	<input type="checkbox"/> selected "tree" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "girl" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "boy" <input type="checkbox"/> selected "play" <input type="checkbox"/> no response
If applicable, describe the student's behavior if the student was unresponsive to the item.	_____ _____ _____ _____	_____ _____ _____ _____

Write student name here.

Test Administration Survey

The last page of each content area in the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet contains a list of questions for the test administrator to answer after the administration of the reading, mathematics, and science tasklets. Transfer all survey responses to the Answer Booklet after testing. Below is a sample of the Teacher Administration Survey.

TEST ADMINISTRATION SURVEY

The following information will be collected in the Answer Booklet for each student after administration of EACH content area:

Content exposure/generalization	YES
1. The materials used and/or the information assessed in the tasklets were new to the student.	<input type="radio"/>
2. The materials used and/or the information assessed in the tasklets have been introduced to the student several times prior to scoring.	<input type="radio"/>
3. The materials used and/or the information assessed in the tasklets are very familiar to the student.	<input type="radio"/>

Test implementation	YES
4. The student completed all five tasklets.	<input type="radio"/>
5. The Teacher Recording Evidence Form for each piece of student evidence is completed.	<input type="radio"/>
6. Student's name is written on the Teacher Recording Evidence Form(s).	<input type="radio"/>
7. Did you view the teacher training CD provided with the test materials before administering the test?	<input type="radio"/>
8. How valuable was the teacher training CD on a scale of 1 (not very valuable) – 4 (extremely valuable)?	<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4

Administration time	Total time
9. Set-up/planning time	<input type="radio"/> ½ hr. <input type="radio"/> 1 hr. <input type="radio"/> 2 hr.
10. Time directly administering the tasklets	<input type="radio"/> 3 hr. <input type="radio"/> 4 hr. <input type="radio"/> 5 hr. or more
11. Test administration sessions	<input type="radio"/> 2 hr. <input type="radio"/> 3 hr. or more
12. How often did you use the breaks between the tasklets?	<input type="radio"/> 1 day <input type="radio"/> 2 days <input type="radio"/> 3 days <input type="radio"/> 4 days <input type="radio"/> 5 days <input type="radio"/> 6 or more days <input type="radio"/> Always <input type="radio"/> Sometimes <input type="radio"/> Never

Assessment materials used	YES
13. Materials used were primarily those provided.	<input type="radio"/>
14. Materials were primarily nontext (e.g., pictures/videos, real objects).	<input type="radio"/>
15. How helpful were the test materials in the materials kit on a scale of 1 (not very helpful) – 4 (extremely helpful)?	<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4
16. Did you use the materials CD provided in the materials kit?	<input type="radio"/>
17. If you used the materials CD, how helpful was it on a scale of 1 (not very helpful) – 4 (extremely helpful)?	<input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4

Individualized adaptations used	YES
18. Assistive technologies (e.g., AlphaSmart, calculator, BIGmack switch, Intellitools keyboard, etc.)	<input type="radio"/>
19. Software programs (e.g., word prediction programs, Writing with Symbols, etc.)	<input type="radio"/>
20. Presentation adaptations (teacher reads or signs, e-textbook, large print, etc.)	<input type="radio"/>
21. Response adaptations (student dictates to teacher, student uses picture symbols, etc.)	<input type="radio"/>
22. Other (please indicate):	<input type="radio"/>

MAKING THE CRT-ALTERNATE ACCESSIBLE TO ALL STUDENTS

Adaptations and assistive technology are allowed

Because of the diversity in the population of students participating in the alternate assessment, test administrators will need to customize the materials and provide individualized ways for students to access the materials, participate in the assessment, and respond to test items. The same communication and response strategies routinely used with the student in daily instruction should be used in these tasklets. While preparing to implement the tasklets, think about the way in which you will deliver information to the student and the way in which the student will respond to you. Consider the student's physical, sensory, and cognitive skills when selecting and customizing test activity materials. There are no restrictions on the use of specialized materials and Assistive Technology (AT). **Use whatever approaches are effective in obtaining the best response from the student.** The use of supports will not affect the student's score.

Factors to consider when preparing to administer the CRT-Alternate:

- For students who receive related services as part of their educational program, therapists can provide guidance on optimal positioning and seating supports.
- Sensory and/or physical limitations may require modification in your delivery of a question or the use of alternatives to standard print materials.
- If the student uses some form of augmentative communication system, it is critical that response options are appropriate **for each item in the assessment.** This may necessitate the creation of different communication displays, overlays, or programming of a communication device.

Test Materials Kit

Test Materials Kits have been prepared for each grade-specific assessment. They include student response choices for questions that are structured as multiple-choice items, and picture symbols that can be used to support communication for students who require augmentative communication supports. Materials included in the kit are labeled with content, grade, tasklet number, item number and what it is (e.g., picture card, sentence/picture strip, number cards). Reading passages in word/picture format have also been developed. Test Materials Kits with hard copies of these materials, as well as a CD with the materials on it, were sent to Test Coordinators and should be given to test administrators. Select the materials that are best suited to your student. Since it is not possible to anticipate every type of display that might be needed, you may need to further customize these materials before implementing the tasklets. Use the electronic version of the materials on the Materials CD provided to manipulate images and text to meet the needs of your students. **Please note that access to a color printer is critical when you print these materials.** A Material Replacement Form is included in the Test Materials Kits. Please fill out the form and place a check next to any materials that you need replaced for next year, and return it with the student's test

materials in the envelope labeled “For Return of CRT-ALTERNATE Test Materials.” After the administration of the assessment, all the Test Materials Kits need to be returned to the Test Coordinator who will store them in a secure location for use in the following year of testing. Please note that all materials needed to administer the test are not included in this kit. Test administrators are responsible for gathering some materials (e.g., calculator, counters).

Implementation considerations for tasklets

The following examples are provided to demonstrate how various modifications or adaptations of tasklets could encourage student responses.

For tasklets that require the student to use a book, story, or other text

- Select a book format that best matches the student’s needs and interests (e.g., large-print or audio format, Braille, adapted book on CD, or videotape).
- Provide an auditory list of choices (e.g., “Do you want to listen to a tape, or watch a video, or look at the BIG book?”).
- Add picture symbols to each page of the text to reduce the complexity of the message and highlight the essence of the story.
- Provide actual objects associated with the story for the student to select.
- Provide time/opportunity for the student to explore the book.
- Tell the student it is time to listen to the story.
- Engage the student in turning pages of the book by adding Velcro tabs or sticks to simplify page turning.
- Present objects/textures that correspond to what is going on in the story.

For tasklets that require the student to identify pictures, match pictures, or sequence events in a story

- Depict available choices by displaying pictures.
- Use Velcro strip boards or magnetic boards and pictures to which Velcro dots or magnets have been attached on the back.
- Enlarge pictures or pair them with objects or with yes/no symbol cards.

For tasklets that ask the student to sequence a series of directions or place numbers in order

- Use Velcro strip boards or magnetic boards with number cards to which Velcro dots or magnets have been attached on the back.
- Program a set of switches with auditory output, such as a Step-by-Step Communicator, with the number cards placed on top.
- Use raised dots.

For tasklets that require multiple-choice response options

- Create a loop tape with spoken choices to allow students to scan in an auditory mode.
- Use pictures or objects as response options and picture symbols for yes/no responses.
- Use multiple BIGmack switches which may allow the student to make choices and answer yes/no questions.

For tasklets that require an open-ended response

- If necessary, describe concepts from sentence strips in simple terms and provide visual aids to illustrate concepts.
- Provide communication supports (e.g., choice board, overlay on a vocal output device, yes/no board) for students to use to express the information you are asking of them.

RETURNING THE ASSESSMENT MATERIALS

You should receive a package of CRT-Alternate Return Materials (one for each student) from your Test Coordinator. Please check carefully to make sure you have all of the materials.

- White plastic envelope for returning each student's CRT-Alternate materials labeled "For return of CRT-ALTERNATE Test Materials." **There should be one envelope per student.**
- One barcode label for each student
 - **If you did not receive student barcode label, contact your Test Coordinator for a Student Identification Number.**
- Answer Booklet for each student (the Answer Booklet is the same for the CRT and the CRT-Alternate except for grade 3)

Please follow these steps when returning the assessment materials:

- Write the student name and teacher name on the Answer Booklet.
- Transfer the scores from the CRT-Alternate Test Booklet to the last page of the Answer Booklet.
- **Place a student barcode label in the designated area on the front page of the Answer Booklet.**
- **Write the student's full name in the designated area on the cover of the student's CRT-Alternate Test Booklet and on all Teacher Recording Evidence Forms.**

After the assessment is completed, gather the assessment materials, and place each student's test materials in the separate white plastic envelope labeled "For return of CRT-ALTERNATE Test Materials." **The following materials must be returned:**

- CRT-Alternate Test Booklet
- Teacher Recording Evidence Forms
- Answer Booklet (with barcode label attached)
- Material Replacement Form (if necessary):

Return the envelopes to your test coordinator on or before **March 29, 2010.**

CONTACT INFORMATION

Assessment materials

For questions regarding materials, shipments and return procedures, contact Measured Progress:

Tim Greenlaw
Phone: 1-800-431-8901 x2309
Fax: 1-866-283-2197
E-mail: greenlaw.timothy@measuredprogress.org

OR

Kevin Froton
Phone: 1-800-431-8901 x2196
Fax: 1-866-283-2197
E-mail: kfroton@measuredprogress.org

Administration procedures

For questions regarding the administration of the test activities, contact the Montana Office of Public Instruction or Measured Progress:

Judy Snow
Phone: 1-406-444-3656
E-mail: jsnow@state.mt.us

OR

Tim Greenlaw
Phone: 1-800-431-8901 x2309
E-mail: greenlaw.timothy@measuredprogress.org

Suggestions

For suggestions on how to adapt the test activities for your students:

Gail McGregor
Phone: 1-800-732-0323 or
1-406-243-2348
E-mail: mcgregor@ruralinstitute.umt.edu

Teacher resource list

For help with the administration of the CRT-Alternate, the teachers listed below may be contacted:

Jessica Bowman – jbowman1976@gmail.com
Don Christman – christmand@lockwood.k12.mt.us
Kathy Gilboy – kgilboy@ehps.k12.mt.us

Wilma Mellville – wilmam@harlem-hs.k12.mt.us
Karen Nave – navek@hhs.havre.k12.mt.us
Sabra Wheeler – sabra_wheeler@gfps.k12.mt.us

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The MontCAS Criterion-Referenced Test-Alternate Assessment (CRT-Alternate) was developed as a collaborative project between Measured Progress and the Montana Office of Public Instruction divisions of Assessment, Special Education, and Educational Opportunity and Equity.

A standard-setting meeting was held in May of 2009 for the new development of the reading and mathematics assessments in grades 4, 8, and 10. This meeting was composed of general and special educators as well as school administrators who provided instrumental insight in validating what skills, knowledge and abilities are displayed at each performance level. The Montana Office of Public Instruction extends its deep appreciation to the following individuals for their participation in setting standards for the new CRT-Alternate tests, and their commitment to the inclusion of all children in the state system of accountability.

CRT-Alternate Standard-Setting panelists for Grades 4, 8, and 10 (Reading and Mathematics)

Millie Armstrong, Cardwell, MT
Erin Augustine, Billings, MT
Robin Castle, Great Falls, MT
Rose Clinch, Helena, MT
Cheri Dale, Shepherd, MT
Rose Dehne, Polson, MT
Cassie Ellis, Hamilton, MT
Meredith Feddes, White Sulphur, MT
Kathy Gilboy, East Helena, MT
Nina Gregory, Culbertson, MT
Martha Jaquith, Corvallis, MT

Leslie Long, Lewistown, MT
Mary Lyndes, Missoula, MT
Rhonda McGaugh, Great Falls, MT
Kevin Moore, Whitehall, MT
Susan Paeth, Missoula, MT
Christine Perkins, Power, MT
Patty Muir, Laurel, MT
Corky Schmeling, Hardin, MT
Barbara Sorenson, Whitefish, MT
Shani Thompson-Bailey, Butte, MT